

Warm-Up

11/15/18

Convert each equation to slope intercept form.

1. $4x + 2y = 16$

$$\begin{array}{r} \cancel{-4x} \quad \quad \quad \cancel{-4x} \\ \hline 2y = -4x + 16 \\ \frac{2}{2} \quad \quad \frac{-4x}{2} \quad \quad \frac{16}{2} \\ \hline y = -2x + 8 \end{array}$$

2. $5x + 3y = 21$

$$\begin{array}{r} \cancel{-5x} \quad \quad \quad \cancel{-5x} \\ \hline 3y = -5x + 21 \\ \frac{3}{3} \quad \quad \frac{-5x}{3} \quad \quad \frac{21}{3} \\ \hline y = -\frac{5}{3}x + 7 \end{array}$$

3. $6x - 3y = 15$

$$\begin{array}{r} \cancel{-6x} \quad \quad \quad \cancel{-6x} \\ \hline -3y = -6x + 15 \\ \frac{-3}{-3} \quad \quad \frac{-6x}{-3} \quad \quad \frac{15}{-3} \\ \hline y = 2x - 5 \end{array}$$

4. $3x - 2y = -18$

$$\begin{array}{r} \cancel{-3x} \quad \quad \quad \cancel{-3x} \\ \hline -2y = -3x - 18 \\ \frac{-2}{-2} \quad \quad \frac{-3x}{-2} \quad \quad \frac{-18}{-2} \\ \hline y = \frac{3}{2}x + 9 \end{array}$$

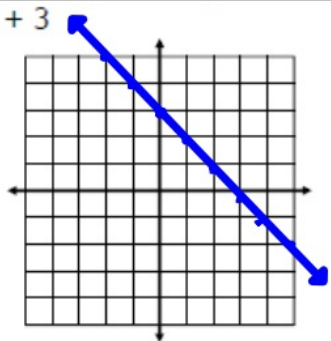


2. Plot the **y-intercept**.
3. Use the **slope** to create more points.
4. Connect into a line!

Graph each linear equation using the slope-intercept method.

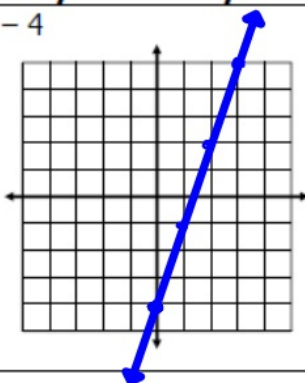
1. $y = -x + 3$

$m = -\frac{1}{1}$
 $b = 3$

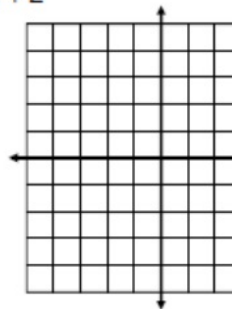


2. $y = 3x - 4$

$m = \frac{3}{1}$
 $b = -4$

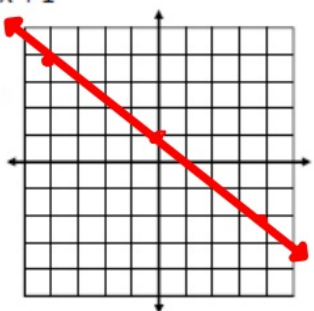


3. $y = \frac{2}{5}x + 2$

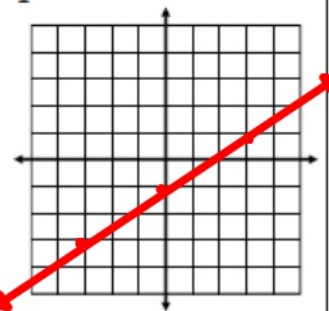


4. $y = -\frac{3}{4}x + 1$

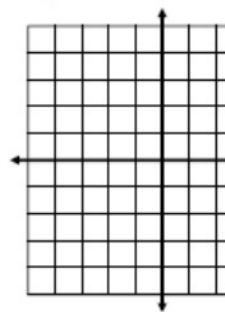
$m = -\frac{3}{4}$
 $b = 1$



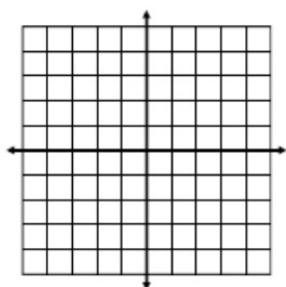
5. $y = \frac{2}{3}x - 1$



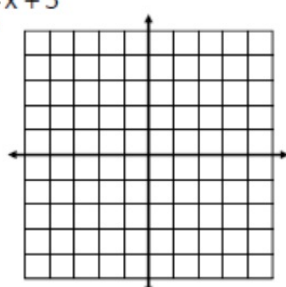
6. $y = -2x + 4$



7. $y = x - 4$

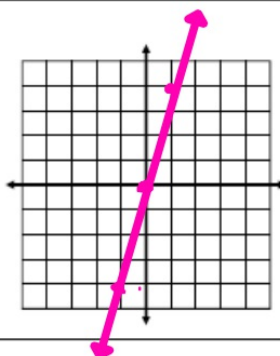


8. $y = -\frac{1}{4}x + 3$



9. $y = 4x$

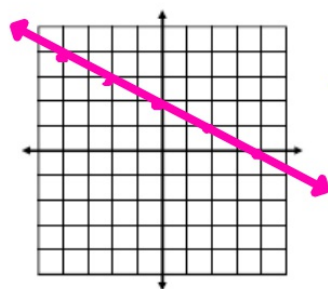
$m = \frac{4}{1}$
 $b = 0$



10. $x + 2y = 4$

$$\begin{array}{r} -x \quad -x \\ \hline 2y = -x + 4 \\ \frac{2}{2} \quad \frac{2}{2} \quad \frac{2}{2} \end{array}$$

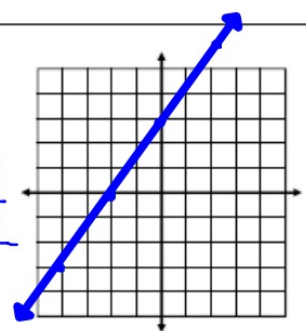
$y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 2$



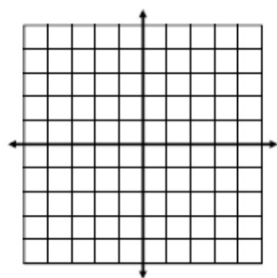
11. $3x - 2y = -6$

$$\begin{array}{r} -3x \quad -3x \\ \hline -2y = -3x - 6 \\ \frac{-2}{-2} \quad \frac{-2}{-2} \quad \frac{-2}{-2} \end{array}$$

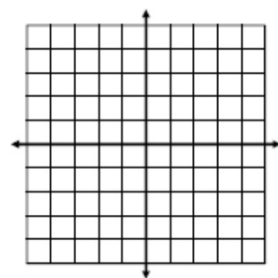
$y = \frac{3}{2}x + 3$



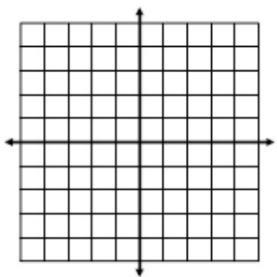
12. $x + y = -2$



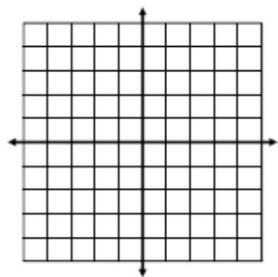
13. $5x - y = -5$



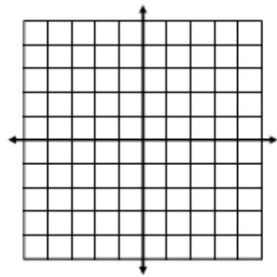
14. $4x + 3y = 12$



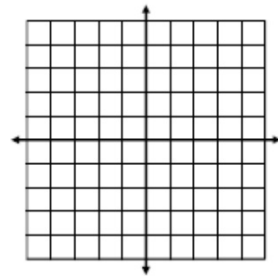
15. $2x - 4y = 8$



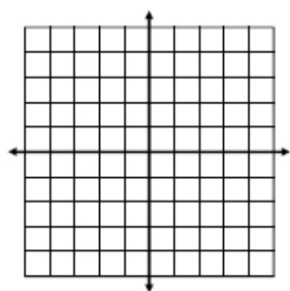
16. $x + 3y = -3$



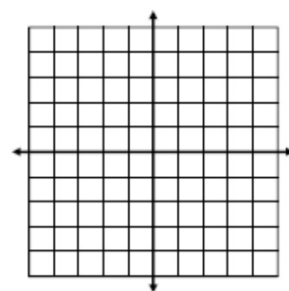
17. $6x - 5y = 15$



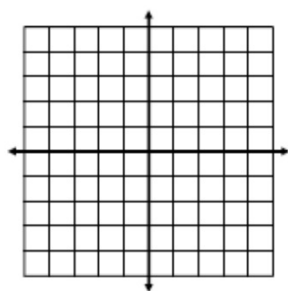
18. $2x + y = 5$



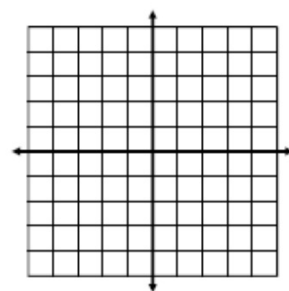
19. $10x - 8y = 24$



20. $9x - 12y = 12$



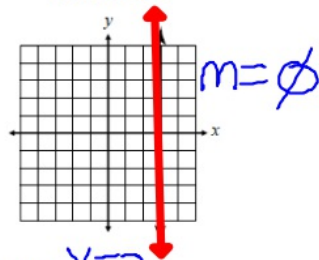
21. $3x + y = 0$



SPECIAL CASES: Vertical & Horizontal Lines

Vertical Lines

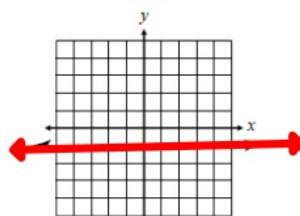
A vertical line is written in the form $x = a$, where a represents the line's x -intercept.



In this case, $x = 3$.

Horizontal Lines

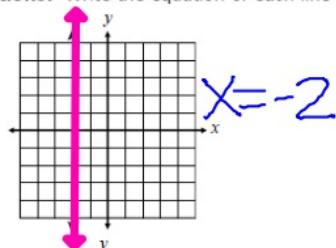
A horizontal line is written in the form $y = a$, where a represents the line's y -intercept.



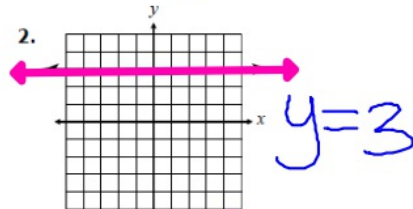
In this case, $y = -1$.

Directions: Write the equation of each line below.

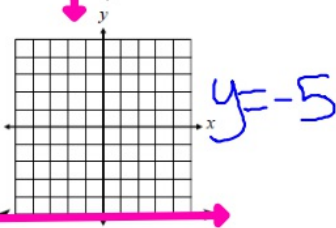
1.



2.



3.



4.

